

parties to such conspiracy shall be punished as provided in subsection (a) of this section. (As amended June 30, 1953, ch. 175, § 2, 67 Stat. 133; Sept. 3, 1954, ch. 1261, title I, § 103, 68 Stat. 1218.)

AMENDMENTS

1954—Act Sept. 3, 1954, amended section to make it applicable in time of national emergency, and to enlarge its scope by bringing "war premises, or war utilities" within the jurisdiction of the section.

1953—Subsec. (a) amended by act June 30, 1953, to insert "or defense activities" immediately following "carrying on the war".

REPEALS

Section 7 of act June 30, 1953, repealed act July 3, 1952, ch. 570, § 1 (a) (29), 66 Stat. 333; Joint Res. Mar. 31, 1953, ch. 13, § 1, 67 Stat. 18, formerly credits to this section and also formerly set out as a note under this section.

TEMPORARY EXTENSION OF SECTION

Temporary extension of section, see section 2157 of this title.

§ 2155. Destruction of national-defense materials, national-defense premises or national-defense utilities.

(a) Whoever, with intent to injure, interfere with, or obstruct the national defense of the United States, willfully injures, destroys, contaminates or infects, or attempts to so injure, destroy, contaminate or infect any national-defense material, national-defense premises, or national-defense utilities, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

(b) If two or more persons conspire to violate this section, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to such conspiracy shall be punished as provided in subsection (a) of this section. (As amended Sept. 3, 1954, ch. 1261, title I, § 104, 68 Stat. 1218.)

AMENDMENTS

1954—Act Sept. 3, 1954, amended section to add conspiracy provisions.

§ 2156. Production of defective national-defense material, national-defense premises or national-defense utilities.

(a) Whoever, with intent to injure, interfere with, or obstruct the national defense of the United States, willfully makes, constructs, or attempts to make or construct in a defective manner, any national-defense material, national-defense premises or national-defense utilities, or any tool, implement, machine, utensil, or receptacle used or employed in making, producing, manufacturing, or repairing any such national-defense material, national-defense premises or national-defense utilities, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

(b) If two or more persons conspire to violate this section, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to such conspiracy shall be punished as provided in subsection (a) of this section. (As amended Sept. 3, 1954, ch. 1261, title I, § 105, 68 Stat. 1218.)

AMENDMENTS

1954—Act Sept. 3, 1954, amended section to add conspiracy provisions.

§ 2157. Temporary extension of sections 2153 and 2154.

(a) The provisions of sections 2153 and 2154 of this title, as amended and extended by section 1 (a) (29) of the Emergency Powers Continuation Act (66 Stat. 333), as further amended by Public Law 12, Eighty-third Congress, in addition to coming into full force and effect in time of war shall remain in full force and effect until six months after the termination of the national emergency proclaimed by the President on December 16, 1950 (Proc. 2912, 3 C. F. R., 1950 Supp., p. 71), or such earlier date as may be prescribed by concurrent resolution of the Congress, and acts which would give rise to legal consequences and penalties under any of these provisions when performed during a state of war shall give rise to the same legal consequences and penalties when they are performed during the period above provided for.

(b) Effective in each case for the period above provided for, title 18, United States Code, section 2151, is amended by inserting the words "or defense activities" immediately before the period at the end of the definition of "war material", and said sections 2153 and 2154 are amended by inserting the words "or defense activities" immediately after the words "carrying on the war" wherever they appear therein. (Added June 30, 1953, ch. 175, § 2, 67 Stat. 133.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 1 (a) (29) of the Emergency Powers Continuation Act (66 Stat. 333) as further amended by Public Law 12, Eighty-third Congress, referred to in the text, was formerly set out as a note under section 2151 of this title was repealed by section 7 of act June 30, 1953.

Proc. 2912, 3 C. F. R., 1950 Supp., p. 71, referred to in the text, is an erroneous citation. It should refer to Proc. 2914 which is set out as a note preceding section 1 of Appendix to Title 50, War and National Defense.

Chapter 113.—STOLEN PROPERTY

§ 2314. Transportation of stolen goods, securities, monies, or articles used in counterfeiting.

Whoever transports in interstate or foreign commerce any goods, wares, merchandise, securities or money, of the value of \$5,000 or more, knowing the same to have been stolen, converted or taken by fraud; or

Whoever, having devised or intending to devise any scheme or artifice to defraud, or for obtaining money or property by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises, transports or causes to be transported, or induces any person to travel in, or to be transported in interstate commerce in the execution or concealment of a scheme or artifice to defraud that person of money or property having a value of \$5,000 or more; or

Whoever, with unlawful or fraudulent intent, transports in interstate or foreign commerce any falsely made, forged, altered, or counterfeited securities, knowing the same to have been falsely made, forged, altered, or counterfeited; or

Whoever, with unlawful or fraudulent intent, transports in interstate or foreign commerce, any tool, implement, or thing used or fitted to be used

in falsely making, forging, altering, or counterfeiting any security, or any part thereof—

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

This section shall not apply to any falsely made, forged, altered, counterfeited or spurious representation of an obligation or other security of the United States, or of an obligation, bond, certificate, security, treasury note, bill, promise to pay or bank note issued by any foreign government or by a bank or corporation of any foreign country. (As amended July 9, 1956, ch. 519, 70 Stat. 507.)

AMENDMENTS

1956—Act July 9, 1956, amended section by inserting after first par., paragraph relating to interstate transportation of persons in schemes to defraud.

Chapter 115.—TREASON, SEDITION, AND SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES

Sec.

2391. Temporary extension of section 2388.

AMENDMENTS

1953—Act June 30, 1953, ch. 175, § 5, 67 Stat. 134, amended chapter analysis by adding item 2391.

§ 2384. Seditious conspiracy.

If two or more persons in any State or Territory, or in any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, conspire to overthrow, put down, or to destroy by force the Government of the United States, or to levy war against them, or to oppose by force the authority thereof, or by force to prevent, hinder, or delay the execution of any law of the United States, or by force to seize, take, or possess any property of the United States contrary to the authority thereof, they shall each be fined not more than \$20,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both. (As amended July 24, 1956, ch. 678, § 1, 70 Stat. 623.)

AMENDMENTS

1956—Act July 24, 1956, amended section by substituting "\$20,000" for "\$5,000", and "twenty years" for "six years".

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1956 AMENDMENT

Section 3 of act July 24, 1956, provided that the amendments to this section and section 2385 of this title by such act July 24, 1956, should be applicable only with respect to offenses committed on and after July 24, 1956.

§ 2385. Advocating overthrow of Government.

Whoever knowingly or willfully advocates, abets, advises, or teaches the duty, necessity, desirability, or propriety of overthrowing or destroying the government of the United States or the government of any State, Territory, District or Possession thereof, or the government of any political subdivision therein, by force or violence, or by the assassination of any officer of any such government; or

Whoever, with intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of any such government, prints, publishes, edits, issues, circulates, sells, distributes, or publicly displays any written or printed matter advocating, advising, or teaching the duty, necessity, desirability, or propriety of overthrowing or destroying any government in the United States by force or violence, or attempts to do so; or

Whoever organizes or helps or attempts to organize any society, group, or assembly of persons who

teach, advocate, or encourage the overthrow or destruction of any such government by force or violence; or becomes or is a member of, or affiliates with, any such society, group, or assembly of persons, knowing the purposes thereof—

Shall be fined not more than \$20,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both, and shall be ineligible for employment by the United States or any department or agency thereof, for the five years next following his conviction.

If two or more persons conspire to commit any offense named in this section, each shall be fined not more than \$20,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both, and shall be ineligible for employment by the United States or any department or agency thereof, for the five years next following his conviction. (As amended July 24, 1956, ch. 678, § 2, 70 Stat. 623.)

AMENDMENTS

1956—Act July 24, 1956, amended section by substituting "\$20,000" for "\$10,000", and "twenty years" for "ten years" in the paragraph prescribing penalties applicable to advocating overthrow of government, and by adding provisions relating to conspiracy to commit any offense named in this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1956 AMENDMENT

Amendment of this section by act July 24, 1956, as applicable only with respect to offenses committed on and after July 24, 1956, see note under section 2384 of this title.

§ 2388. Activities affecting armed forces during war.

REPEALS

Section 7 of act June 30, 1953, ch. 175, 67 Stat. 133, repealed Joint Res. July 3, 1952, ch. 570, § 1 (a) (29), 66 Stat. 333; Joint Res. Mar. 31, 1953, ch. 13, § 1, 67 Stat. 18, which had provided that this section should continue in force until six months after the termination of the National emergency proclaimed by 1950 Proc. No. 2914 which is set out as a note preceding section 1 of Appendix to Title 50, War and National Defense.

TEMPORARY EXTENSION OF SECTION

Temporary extension of section, see section 2391 of this title.

§ 2391. Temporary extension of section 2388.

The provisions of section 2388 of this title, as amended and extended by section 1 (a) (29) of the Emergency Powers Continuation Act (66 Stat. 333), as further amended by Public Law 12, Eighty-third Congress, in addition to coming into full force and effect in time of war shall remain in full force and effect until six months after the termination of the national emergency proclaimed by the President on December 16, 1950 (Proc. 2912, 3 C. F. R., 1950 Supp., p. 71), or such earlier date as may be prescribed by concurrent resolution of the Congress, and acts which would give rise to legal consequences and penalties under section 2388 when performed during a state of war shall give rise to the same legal consequences and penalties when they are performed during the period above provided for. (Added June 30, 1953, ch. 175, § 6, 67 Stat. 134.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 1 (a) (29) of the Emergency Powers Continuation Act (66 Stat. 333) as further amended by Public Law 12, Eighty-third Congress, referred to in the text, was formerly set out as a note under section 2388 of this title was repealed by section 7 of act June 30, 1953.